

accounted for 77 p.c. and 94 p.c., respectively, of the total manufactures of those provinces in 1958, while in the Atlantic Provinces and British Columbia, where sawmilling, fish packing and dairying are leading industries, the proportions were 68 p.c. and 49 p.c., respectively. In the Prairie Provinces, manufacturing is confined largely to a few urban centres.

A trend toward the decentralization of industry is apparent in all provinces but the most striking change has been shown by Ontario where there has been a recent tendency to establish new industry in smaller urban centres and where many new one-industry areas have been opened up. For Canada as a whole, the percentage of manufactures accounted for by urban centres having shipments of over \$1,000,000 was 80.5 in 1955 but dropped to 79.4 by 1958.

**8.—Urban Centres, Each with Selling Value of Factory Shipments of Over \$1,000,000, Number of Establishments and Total Shipments in these Centres as a Percentage of the Provincial Total, by Province, 1958, and Totals for Canada, 1956-58.**

Province or Territory	Urban Centres with Shipments of Over \$1,000,000 Each	Establishments Reporting in Urban Centres with Shipments of Over \$1,000,000	Shipments of Urban Centres having \$1,000,000 or Over	Total Shipments of Each Province	Shipments of Urban Centres having \$1,000,000 or Over as a Percentage of Total Shipments in the Province
	No.	No.	\$	\$	
Newfoundland.....	6	134	74,465,382	116,979,200	63.7
Prince Edward Island.....	3	61	19,054,091	26,887,728	70.9
Nova Scotia.....	26	483	251,998,056	411,929,257	57.0
New Brunswick.....	15	349	245,284,609	312,021,817	78.6
Quebec.....	195	8,200	6,351,351,193	6,754,798,278	94.0
Ontario.....	186	9,003	8,351,174,043	10,864,028,332	76.9
Manitoba.....	13	1,106	591,551,965	694,051,323	85.2
Saskatchewan.....	12	439	271,616,372	331,298,441	82.0
Alberta.....	17	962	569,663,570	848,251,984	67.1
British Columbia.....	30	2,071	877,812,940	1,798,960,459	48.8
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	—	—	—	3,979,489	—
<b>Canada, 1958.....</b>	<b>503</b>	<b>23,808</b>	<b>17,603,972,221</b>	<b>22,163,186,308</b>	<b>79.4</b>
1957.....	499	23,542	17,886,715,270	22,183,594,311	80.6
1956.....	498	23,289	17,262,050,120	21,636,748,986	79.8

**9.—Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of the Six Leading Manufacturing Cities, Selected Years, 1939-58**

City and Year	Estab-lish-ments	Em-ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Fuel and Electricity	Cost at Plant of Materials Used	Gross Value of Products <sup>1</sup>	
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Montreal, Que.....	1939	2,601	105,315	114,602,118	7,667,848	254,188,246	483,246,583
	1946	3,785	173,507	291,381,617	14,740,538	602,667,823	1,147,945,303
	1949	4,136	184,779	399,943,526	16,487,474	847,444,669	1,506,713,694
	1953	4,398	193,129	544,284,191	18,428,249	1,067,911,378	2,042,662,785
	1955	4,379	176,998	529,339,811	19,553,134	1,021,717,306	1,963,367,235
	1957	4,268	183,996	611,657,486	23,540,996	1,214,443,559	2,288,258,169
	1958	4,121	173,582	601,773,312	21,742,163	1,189,356,004	2,266,191,996
Toronto, Ont.....	1939	2,885	98,702	122,553,435	7,306,351	240,532,281	482,532,331
	1946	3,632	145,556	247,298,288	12,238,707	549,256,912	1,036,939,790
	1949	4,005	158,552	368,510,524	17,003,151	837,148,440	1,579,186,450
	1953	3,781	154,251	478,086,271	18,968,416	980,873,073	1,875,747,249
	1955	3,497	134,235	448,775,761	18,788,747	916,493,539	1,732,099,123
	1957	3,312	132,356	482,758,834	20,936,055	961,000,335	1,832,080,726
	1958	3,185	124,789	485,767,394	20,855,472	973,581,141	1,825,714,816

For footnote, see end of table, p. 680.